

#### OpenACC Workers for AMD GCN

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### Outline

- AMD GCN recap
- OpenACC recap
- Worker implementation:
  - Pass overview
  - Neutering
  - Broadcasting
- Worker reductions
- Future plans







## Workgroups & Wavefronts

- A workgroup is equivalent to a CPU
  - Small amount of local memory (LDS)
- A wavefront is like a CPU thread:
  - Distinct register set
  - Distinct stack
  - Asynchronous execution wrt. other wavefronts
- Wavefronts can synchronise at barriers, workgroups cannot (easily)







## **OpenACC Execution Model**

- $\blacksquare$  Blocks of C/C++/Fortran code are **offloaded** to a GPU
- Loops within those blocks can be **distributed** over "abstract" parallelism levels:
  - The coarsest-grain level is gangs
  - Each gang is split into workers
  - Each worker is split into vectors
- At each point in an offloaded block, work may be distributed over gangs, workers and/or vectors
- If we are in worker single or vector single mode, it is important that side effects happen only once





# OpenACC on GCN

- For OpenACC, the following hardware features are used for parallelism:
  - "Gangs" correspond to **workgroups**
  - "Workers" correpond to wavefronts
  - "Vectors" use SIMD instructions
    - A vector lane is a work item
- Prior to this work, we were restricted to one wavefront per workgroup (a single worker)
- Parts of code derived from NVPTX implementation (but moved to the middle-end)
- This work concerns OpenACC only: OpenMP uses a different, more "CPU-like" scheme







### Kernel Launch

- All workgroups/wavefronts ("threads") execute the same code, and run until completion
- HSA provides a "3-dimensional" model
  - x \* y \* z work items (threads) are scheduled to run on the GPU
  - HSA is a cross-platform API. For GCN:
    - One of these dimensions maps to SIMD vectors
    - One dimension maps to workgroups
    - One dimension maps to wavefronts (i.e. workers)
- No provision for dynamically changing the number of threads
  - In particular, all workers run all kernel code
  - But, there are several ways of working around this





### Middle-End Representation



- At the gimple level, "fork" and "join" primitives are used to demark partitioned loops
- For Nvidia PTX, these are rewritten in the backend to use a neutering/broadcast scheme
  - "Simulating" fork/join semantics
- For AMD GCN, we do a similar transformation much earlier in compilation





## Worker Transformations

#### Transformations done at gimple level consist of:

#### Neutering

- A control flow transformation
- Ensures that worker-single code executes on the first wavefront only

#### Broadcasting

- A data flow transformation
- Ensures that **local state** changes on first wavefront are propagated to other (idle) wavefronts
- Works on predicates used for  ${\bf control\ flow}$ 
  - Idle wavefronts "follow along" with the first





#### Pass Overview

- 1. Split basic blocks at fork/join boundaries
- 2. Par discovery: scan the function's loop structure
- 3. Populate single-mode bitmaps: record which basic blocks execute in **worker-single** or **vector-single** mode
- 4. Find **SSA names** which may need propagation (defined in worker-single mode)
- 5. Find uses of VAR\_DECLs in worker-partitioned mode
- 6. Calculate set of local vars that may need propagating after each worker-single block:

6.1 Those that are assigned directly

- 6.2 Those that may be modified by a write through a pointer
- 7. Transform worker-single mode blocks using above data





# Block Splitting

- **Split blocks** that contain forks or joins
  - Parallelism level changes on edges, not within blocks
- Some stmts are put in singleton blocks in fully-partitioned mode:
  - Control flow (GIMPLE\_RETURN, GIMPLE\_COND, GIMPLE\_SWITCH, GIMPLE\_CALL)
  - Assignments with COMPONENT\_REF, BIT\_FIELD\_REF, ARRAY\_REF lhs







# **Transforming Conditions**

#### Condition splitting

```
// [...]
if (a > b) goto blk1; else goto blk2;
to...
// Worker zero executes this statement:
pred = (a > b);
// Block split, next stmt executed by
// all workers:
if (pred != 0) goto blk1; else goto blk2;
```





# Transforming Function Calls

Two types of function calls to consider in worker-single mode:

- "Normal" calls to maths library routines, etc.
- OpenACC routines
- The former can be left as-is, and be called from worker zero only
- The latter may contain worker-partitioned loops, so call from all workers (including "idle" ones)
  - Worker-single code within the function undergoes the same transformation







# Neutering (1)



- A single bb is transformed into a graph of blocks:
  - Predicate block inserted at top
  - Original block executed for a single worker only
  - Thread-local state is broadcast via LDS
  - Other workers receive local state changes after sync barrier





# Neutering (2)

In pseudocode:

```
static __lds oacc_ws_data_s_1 oblk;
if ((iblk = builtin oacc single copy start(&oblk))
   = NULL) {
 // Do stuff
  oblk.x = x;
  oblk.y = y;
  __builtin_oacc_single_copy_end (&oblk);
}
builtin oacc worker barrier ();
if (iblk) {
 x = iblk \rightarrow x:
 y = iblk \rightarrow y;
```





# Broadcasting (1)

We want to propagate thread-local state:

- Register contents
- The stack
- But not:
  - Global memory, including mapped buffers







# Broadcasting (2)

To simulate "fork" via broadcasting, gimple entities we need to process are:

- SSA names (≈ machine registers)
- Local scalar variables (≈ stack slots)
- Local **aggregates** (≈ stack slots also)
- Pointer indirection

Unlike NVPTX (or a real "fork"), we do not know the "real" machine registers, nor the final contents/layout of the stack.





# SSA Broadcast (1)

#### Maintaining SSA form

```
x_5 = <something>;
```

to...

```
if (worker == 0)
  x_5 = <something>;
else
  x_6 = 0;
```

```
x_7 = PHI (x_5, x_6);
```

- SSA names may have definitions in a worker-single block
- After neutering, definitions may no longer dominate uses
- We must invent a definition for the **idle edge** too
- Insert a Φ-node at the convergence point





# SSA Broadcast (2)

An SSA name (defined in worker-single mode) can be used...

- ...in the current block only
- ...in other worker-single blocks only, or
- in worker-partitioned mode
- For the last case, we must broadcast by:
  - Copying to LDS after active block
  - Copying **from LDS** in other block
- We don't need to broadcast via LDS if all uses are in worker-single mode
- We don't need a Φ-node if all uses are within the current block





#### Local Variable Broadcast

- Addressable local scalar (non-aggregate) variables are not rewritten to SSA form
- Broadcast any variables that are written in the current worker-single block and are read in worker-partitioned mode

- Probably pessimistic, but safe and flow-insensitive







- Local aggregates (arrays, structures) are **not** broadcast
- Instead, gimple stmts modifying elements/fields of local aggregates are forced into fully-partitioned mode
- The operation is done **redundantly** by all workers
- The RHS of the gimple assignment will be a scalar, thus subject to broadcasting







### Writes Through Pointers

- Writes through pointers may affect any local variable (that has its address taken)
- Use GCC's points-to analysis to determine the set of potentially-affected variables
  - Lets us ask, for a given pointer indirection and variable, "might this pointer point to this variable?"
  - At -00, falls back to "yes" any local variable may be modified
- Broadcast any such variable which is used in worker-partitioned mode
- Done on a per-block basis, for any block with a write through a pointer







### Worker Reductions

- OpenACC reductions use a set of gimple builtin functions interleaved with fork, join, etc. markers
- Generally works well with the GCN workers implementation
- Some trouble with reductions to reference variables in Fortran (e.g. function arguments):
  - Address taken in worker-single mode
  - Address broadcast, then **dereferenced** in **worker-partitioned** mode
  - All wavefronts access worker zero's stack oops!
- Solved by rewriting reference reductions to use local non-reference copies of variables (a patch by Cesar, slightly modified)







### Future Work

- Neutering for single-entry, single-exit (SESE) regions instead of a single basic block at a time
  - The code is mostly there already (from NVPTX), but not wired up yet
- Removal of duplicate barriers
- Increase number of concurrent workers (tune SGPR/VGPR usage, LDS usage)
- Try sharing the new gimple workers code with NVPTX too
  - Potential speed or maintenance benefits
  - Vector single/vector partitioned mode handling would need more work





### Thank You!





